



Russia Racing to Complete National AI Strategy by June 15

March 14, 2019 **Samuel Bendett** *Defense One*

Related Categories: Cybersecurity and Cyberwarfare; Democracy and Governance; Science and Technology; Russia

Several of Russia's state organizations are racing to meet a June 15 deadline to create a national strategy that aligns government, military, academic, and private resources to speed the country's development of artificial intelligence.

The deadline comes straight from the top: Russian President Vladimir Putin gave the order on Feb. 27, about five weeks after he approved that idea and others offered by the government's Agency for Strategic Initiatives.

Putin also handed his government several other tech-related deadlines:

- July 1: Find ways to stimulate investment in broader areas of technology, including the Internet of Things, robotics, and processing of large data arrays by small and medium-sized businesses.
- Sept. 1: Connect all Russian schools to high-speed internet service. (This date, by the way, will be the two-year anniversary of Putin's famous speech that a country that masters AI will rule the world.)
- Dec. 31: Open five new scientific and educational centers, and open another 10 by the end of 2021.

The AI strategy may build on last year's draft 10-point plan for national AI development, which was assembled by the Advanced Research Foundation, a kind of Russian DARPA; the Russian Academy of Sciences; and the Ministry of Defense. Like the White House's own AI development strategy, released in February, the Russian draft plan called for AI-related research and development, support for AI standards, creating a capable workforce, and more. The draft plan also draws upon existing initiatives and projects at state universities, major government programs such as the National Technology Initiative, and private-sector entities such as Sberbank.

All this activity aims to fulfill Putin's request to his government to create an "AI infrastructure" – a set of complementary and overlapping relationships between the country's public and private hi-tech sectors that aim to mobilize the community for an AI breakthrough. More broadly, it supports Russian government efforts to give the country a modern digital economy and turn it into a major S&T development power.

Putin's order also reflects concern that Russian AI developers are being outspent by their competitors in the United States, China, and elsewhere. At this point, Russia aims to spend hundreds of millions of dollars on its Digital Technologies national program, which include substantial new sums for domestic AI investment.

Samuel Bendett is a Researcher at the CNA Corporation and a Fellow in Russia Studies at the American Foreign Policy Council. The views expressed here are his own